## Suspend/Resume Variables

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## The unrevised text is directly from P1394a, draft 1.0. 7.5 Node variables

Each node's PHY has a set of variables that are referenced in the C code and state machines in clause 7.7. The values of these variables may be affected by writes to PHY registers, the transmission or reception of PHY configuration packets or by arbitration state actions—including bus reset. The definitions in table 7-8 entirely replace clause 4.3.8 of IEEE Std 1394-1995, "Node variables."

Table 7-8 - Node variables

Variable name   Power   Comment				
	reset			
	value			
accelerating	TRUE	Set TRUE or FALSE by accelerate or decelerate requests issued		
		by the link via Lreq (see clause 5.2) and used by the		
		arbitration state machines. See also enab_accel below.		
arb_enable	_	TRUE when the PHY may arbitrate as soon as the next subaction		
		gap is observed.		
cable_power_active	_	TRUE is cable power is within normal operating range (see		
		clause 7.1).		
enab_accel	FALSE	Globally enables or disables all PHY accelerations specified		
		by clause 7.7. This vari-able is visible as the PHY register		
		bit Enab_accel.		
force_root	FALSE	When TRUE, this modifies the PHY's tree identification		
		behavior and increases the likelihood that the node becomes		
		root (see clause 4.4.2.2 of IEEE Std 1394-1995). If only		
		one node on a bus has force_root set TRUE, that node is		
		guaranteed to become the root.		
gap_count	63	This value determines the length of arbitration reset and		
		subaction gaps and may be used to optimize bus performance.		
		All nodes on the bus should have the same gap_count value		
		else unpredictable arbitration behavior may occur.		
initiated_reset	TRUE	TRUE if this node initiated the bus reset in progress.		
		Cleared to FALSE upon comple-tion of the self-identify		
7.1.7		process.		
link_active	TRUE	TRUE if the node's link is present and enabled.		
more_packets	_	Flag which indicates whether or not additional self-ID		
		packets are to be sent.		
parent_port	_	The port number that is connected to the parent node; this variable is meaningless if the node is root.		
-bi l TD		The node's 6-bit physical ID established by the self-identify		
physical_ID	_			
receive_port	_	process.  The port number that is receiving encoded data (determined by		
receive_borr	_	the arbitration states).		
root	_	TRUE if the node is the root, as determined by tree-ID.		
core_power		When FALSE the core's clock is not running and the circuits		
COLE_bower		are consuming minimal power. When FALSE the core will only		
		respond to sleep being FALSE.		
core_functional	_	When TRUE the core's clock is running and all circuits,		
<u> </u>	_	except ports, are funtional.		
resume all	FALSE	When TRUE a suspended or resume failed port has detected a		
<u> </u>		resume event (its peer port has driven TpBias high) and the		
		node is to resume all suspended ports.		
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## 7.6 Port variables

In addition to the variables described in the preceding clause, each node's PHY has a set of variables replicated for each port. The definitions in table 7-9 entirely replace clause 4.3.9 of IEEE Std 1394-1995, "Port variables."

Table 7-9 - Port variables

Table 7-9 - Port variables			
Variable name	Power reset	Comment	
	value		
child	-	TRUE if this port is connected to a child node.	
connected	FALSE	TRUE if there is a peer PHY connected to this port.	
child_ID_complete	-	TRUE when the child node connected to this port has finished its self-ID.	
max_peer_speed	-	Maximum speed capability of the peer PHY connected to this port.	
port_status	-	TRUE if TP bias is present. This is not filtered by any hysteresis circuitry.	
speed_OK	-	The connected port can accept a packet at the requested speed.	
suspend	-	TRUE if TP bias is not present.	
<del>queued_</del> suspend_	FALSE	If TRUE the portif this node is to initiate a suspend on this	
in <u>i</u> tiator		port.	
<u>initiate</u> pending_s	FALSE	TRUE if core is to transmit TX_SUSPEND on this port and BUS_RESET	
uspend <u>-</u>		on all other active ports.	
initiator			
<del>queued_</del> suspend_	FALSE	TRUE if this node has detected RX_SUSPEND on this port. This port	
target		is to attempt a suspend handshake with its peer port.	
port_power <del>power_d</del>	TRUE	FALSETRUE when port clock is not running, port is consuming	
<del>own</del>		minimal poweris suspended and consumes less than 1.6 milliwatts.  TP bias generator is in high impedance and the port will only	
		respond to a change in con_status or port_status. When FALSE the	
		status and control registers can be read.	
port_functional	_	TRUE when port clock is running and all circuits are functional.	
	_		
con_status	-	TRUE when connected and this port is not driving TP bias. This is the output of the schmidt trigger buffer located at the top of	
		Fig. 0-4, page 9, in the Suspend/Resume draft 0.08. This variable	
		is also qualified by con_disable.	
initiate <del>pending</del> _r	FALSE	TRUE on a write to the suspend bit of the Control Clear register.	
esume	PALSE	TROE ON A WITCE to the suspend bit of the control clear register.	
resume_target	FALSE	TRUE when port_status goes TRUE while the port is in a Suspended	
<u> </u>		or Resume Failed state.	
initiatepending_d	FALSE	TRUE if core is to transmit TX_DISABLE on this port and	
isable		TX_DATA_PREFIX followed by BUS_RESET on all other active	
		ports. TRUE if core is to transmit TX_DISABLE on this port is to	
		disable.and This port will start driving TpBias low while	
		BUS_RESET is transmitted on all other active ports.	
disable	FALSE	TRUE when this port is disabled.	
fault	FALSE	TRUE when this port attempted to suspend or resume and the	
		process failed.	
active	FALSE	TRUE when this port is connected, not resuming, not disabled, not	
		suspended, and not faulted.	
active_en	FALSE	TRUE when the bus is reset and the port is resuming. This allows	
		the port to enter the active state.	
active_domain	FALSE	TRUE when a resuming port receives <a href="mailto:BUS_RESET within 5">BUS_RESET within 5 *</a>	
		RESET_DETECTRX_REQUEST, indicating there is a boundary node	
		connected to this port.	

## Table 7-10 — Cable PHY code definitions

```
const int FIFO_DEPTH = ?;
                                      // IMPLEMENTATION-DEPENDENT!
                                      // Tracks the PHY state (names per state diagrams)
enum PHY_state {R0, R1,
               S0, S1, S2, S3, S4,
               A0, A1, A2, RX, TX};
enum speedCode {S100, S200, S400};
                                      // Speed codes
enum tpSig {L, H, Z};
                                      // Differential signal on twisted pair
struct portData {tpSig TpA; tpSig TpB;};
                                             // Port data structure
enum phyData(portData signals);// Encoded types DATA_ZERO, DATA_ONE, DATA_PREFIX or DATA_END
                                      // Set if last packet observed was exactly 8 bits
boolean ack;
boolean arb_enable;
                                      // Set if a node may arbitrate upon detection of a subaction gap
                                      // Timer for arbitration state machines
timer arb timer();
boolean bus_initialize_active;
                                      // Set while the PHY is initializing the bus
int child_count;
                                      // Number of child ports
                                      // Amount of time to wait during root contention
int contend time;
boolean DS_clock;
                                      // FALSE unless encoded DS clock available on the receive port
                                     \ensuremath{//} (data or strobe transition observed within the last 20 ns)
                                      // Set when reception of packet is complete
boolean end_of_reception;
                                      // Set to delay start of tree-ID process for this node
boolean force root;
                                      // Data resynch buffer
dataBit fifo[FIFO_DEPTH];
unsigned fifo_rd_ptr, fifo_wr_ptr;
                                      // Data resynch buffer pointers
boolean gap_count_reset_disable;// If set, a bus reset will not force the gap_count to the maximum
boolean ibr;
                                      // Set when a long bus reset is needed
boolean isbr;
                                      \ensuremath{//} Set when an arbitrated (short) bus reset should be attempted
boolean isolated_node;
                                      // Set if no ports connected
boolean own_request;
                                      // Latch the value of arb_OK() at the time it is evaluated
boolean ping_response;
                                      // Set if self-ID packet(s) needed in response to a ping
boolean phy_access_response;
                                     // Set on port register read or write
                                     // Return current rxData signal from indicated port
portData portR(int port_number);
speedCode portRspeed(int port_number);
                                            // Return current speed from indicated port
                                                   // Transmit txData on indicated port
void portT(int port_number, portData txData);
void portTspeed (int port_number, speedCode speed);
                                                           // Set transmit speed on indicated port
                                     // Returns a random TRUE or FALSE value
boolean random_bool();
int reset_time;
                                      // Duration to assert bus reset signal
                                     // Flag that is randomly set during root contention
boolean root test;
int rx_dribble_bits;
                                      // Keep track of dribble bits in FIFO
speedCode rx_speed, tx_speed;
                                     // Current packet speeds
                                     // First data bit not yet received
boolean waiting_for_data_start;
enum resumenode_status (BOUNDARY_INITIATOR, // Status of node while resuming
                 BOUNDARY_TARGET,
                 RESUME_INITIATOR,
                 RESUME_TARGET, NULL);
boolean resume_event;
                                      // Flag indicating that the node is to resume its suspended ports
timer resume_timer;
                                      // Timer for resuming events
boolean one_domain;
                                      // Set if at least one port has its active_domain flag set.
bBoolean resume_packet;
                                      // Set if a node resume packet was received.
int addr;
                                      // register number
boolean rsv_port;
                                      // Set if phy register access is to an unused port or reserved register
```